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PRICE ONE CENT

ONLY RELIEF FROM BRIDGE ARBITRARY IN SUPREME COURT

Decision of Interstate Commerce Commission on Coal Tariff Leaves but One Tribunal With Power to Reduce the Burden on St. Louis.

20C CHARGE UPHeld, INCREASE IS GRANTED

Ruling Says Longer Haul Is Necessary to Get Freight Into This City Than East St. Louis and Rate Is Justified.

The decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington yesterday, justifying the bridge arbitrary of 20 cents a ton on coal shipped into St. Louis from the Illinois fields, leaves the Supreme Court of the United States as the only tribunal with power to afford relief from the alleged discrimination against St. Louis traffic.

This case was argued and submitted in October, and probably will be decided within the next six months. The Supreme Court, in its decision in the Terminal Railroad Association case, held that the bridge arbitrary was not arbitrary.

Whether the Supreme Court will follow the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission on the arbitrary was one of the interesting points considered today by those interested in the case. In its decision the Supreme Court declared that the arbitrary should be construed as in any way interfering with the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission to regulate rates in interstate commerce.

FAIR TONIGHT, TOMORROW, TEMPERATURE ABOUT SAME

THE TEMPERATURES.

High, 46 at 1 a. m. Low, 28 at 11 p. m.

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair weather tonight and tomorrow; not much change in temperature; the lowest tonight will be about 23.

For Missouri: Fair tonight and tomorrow; unsettled weather in north portion; slightly colder in east portion tonight.

Stage of the river: 16.4 feet; a rise of .6 of a foot.

ARKANSAS STATEWIDE 'DRY' BILL SIGNED BY GOVERNOR

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 6.—Gov. G. W. Hays today signed the state-wide prohibition bill.

The measure, as amended and passed by the Senate yesterday and passed today by the House, prohibits the granting of further saloon licenses for 1915, but does not disturb those already granted.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Arkansas is the sixteenth State with a state-wide prohibition law among its statutes. It was enacted today at the national headquarters of the Prohibition party here, John A. Shields, headquarters secretary, said the Arkansas law, as he understood it, provided for complete prohibition by Jan. 1, 1916.

MAN ACCUSED OF SMASHING A CAR DOOR WHEN EJECTED

Zenas Varney Arrested on Complaint of Conductor—Case Continued.

Zenas Varney, a clerk, of 5148 Cabanne avenue, was called to trial in City Court No. 2 today on a charge that he broke the glass door of a Paige line car near Grand and Finney avenues about 1:05 a. m. At his request the case was continued to Feb. 16.

Varney was arrested on complaint of the conductor, Albert J. Bollinger, who said Varney had insisted on smoking on the car in violation of rules. Bollinger said he put Varney off the car, because he refused to quit smoking, and that in alighting from the car Varney slipped and fell, cutting his forehead.

Varney, the conductor said, arose and broke the car door with his fist. Varney was taken to the dispensary, where a rash on his forehead was treated. He was unable to give bond and spent the night in a holdover cell.

The damage to the car was estimated at \$1 by the conductor. In several cases in which passengers have broken car doors the company has refused to prosecute. Conductor Bollinger and several other witnesses were in court this morning.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news authorized by the Associated Press.

DETECTIVE NEAR AS DR. KIER WAS ROBBED IN OFFICE

Had Been Watching Man Now Held as Lookout for Bandits Who Attacked Physician.

HAD "TIP" IN ADVANCE

Physician Was Choked by Two Visitors and Diamonds Valued at \$3000 Were Taken.

James Freeland, 24 years old, of 404 South Fourteenth street, a chauffeur, is held by the police on information furnished by a Pinkerton detective that Freeland acted as lookout for two men who beat, choked and robbed Dr. W. F. Kier in the office adjoining his residence, 309 Lindell boulevard, yesterday afternoon.

After knocking Dr. Kier unconscious with a billy or a sandbag, the robbers took a 5-karat diamond ring from his finger and tore a 2 1/2-karat diamond stud from his necktie. Dr. Kier valued the diamonds at \$3000. When Dr. Kier recovered consciousness they had fled. He was not seriously injured.

Three weeks ago, Moshier said, he received information from one of the agency's Eastern offices that a gang of diamond thieves were coming to St. Louis. These were said to be the same men who robbed H. H. Gerhardt's jewelry store, 834 Olive street, three months ago. The tip said a man in St. Louis known as "Little Jim Freeland" was in touch with the gang and advised that Freeland be watched.

The James Freeland now under arrest was picked out by the detective as the man they were to watch. He was running a livery automobile from a stand at Grand avenue and Olive street. This is little more than a block from Dr. Kier's residence.

Freeland was put under close surveillance. The agency's operatives shadowed him as he went to work. He was frequently visited by Moore at the Leonard avenue house.

An operative reported to Moshier that Thursday afternoon two strangers met Freeland at Grand avenue and Olive street. The operative judged they were from out of town, as he overheard them asking about the location of various places in St. Louis.

The same operative, Moshier told the police, saw the strangers again meet Freeland at Grand avenue and Olive street about 4 p. m. yesterday. The three, according to the detective, Freeland, who had been wearing a fur-trimmed overcoat, exchanged this coat for that of one of the two men accompanying him.

The detective, Moshier said, saw the two strangers go into Dr. Kier's office while Leonard stood on the sidewalk. This was at 4:20 p. m., according to the detective's report, and at 4:35 p. m. the two men came out of Dr. Kier's office and joined Freeland. Freeland and one of the men again exchanged coats, and the three then ran west on Lindell boulevard, the detective reported.

The detective, having no authority to make an arrest and no positive evidence, continued on page 2, column 4.

SHIPS WITH FOOD FOR CIVILIANS TO PASS UNMOLESTED

German Embassy at Washington Issues Official Statement of Country's Attitude.

DENIES A PAPER BLOCKADE

Merchant Vessels Belonging to the Enemy Will Be Destroyed Wherever Found.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The official text of the German Admiralty's proclamation, transmitted by Ambassador Gerard to the State Department today, reveals that navigation routes to the north of the Shetland Islands and the eastern part of the North Sea, as well as a strip of 30 nautical miles along the Dutch coast, are not in the danger zone, but that the waters directly around Great Britain and Ireland comprise the prohibited areas. This differs from the published report.

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One Difference in Report. The text of the same as received from Ambassador Gerard, says: "Navigation routes around Shetland Islands in the eastern part of the North Sea, and for 30 sea miles along the Dutch coast, are open to the danger zone."

In other respects the proclamation conforms in sense to the report of it sent to the United States by wireless, although the phraseology differs slightly.

The German Embassy declared in a statement issued today in regard to the degree placing the waters around the British Isles in the war zone, that Germany "does not intend to molest or seize American vessels laden with foodstuffs for the civilian population of enemy countries."

The statement expresses the hope "that England will not make necessary a reconsideration of this attitude by seizing American ships like the Wilhelmshafen."

The statement in full follows: "The German Admiralty has not received instructions regarding the decision of the German Admiralty, but according to the text of the decision the following seems clear:

There is no new in the communication made on Feb. 4 by the German Admiralty with respect to the attitude of the German imperial navy towards ships of the enemy or toward neutral commerce. It is absurd to describe this as the proclamation of a paper blockade of the British Isles. The communication is simply a statement of which has been, since the beginning of the war, the attitude of the navy of all of the belligerent powers toward ships of the enemy.

A few months ago the English admiralty proclaimed the closing of the North Sea, the waters of which are essentially neutral. Germany does not profess to close even the English Channel to neutral commerce, and she does not intend to molest or seize American vessels laden with foodstuffs for the civilian population of enemy countries; it is to be hoped that England will not make necessary a reconsideration of this attitude by seizing American ships like the Wilhelmshafen.

Will Destroy Enemy's Ships. "Germany does, however, announce to the world that it proposes to continue to destroy ships belonging to the enemy and it adds the notification to neutral powers that, on account of the facts that British ships are employing neutral flags, according to secret instructions now known to have been issued by the British Government, bona fide neutral vessels may actually be endangered.

"Although, according to well understood and universally accepted usages of warfare, naval vessels are perfectly justified in destroying merchantmen of the enemy, the German Government now sees fit to issue simply a general reminder to that effect, stating the actual radius of operations of the German submarines."

"The warning may also be taken as in the nature of an answer to the offer of a prize of \$500 made in England for the first British merchant ship that should succeed in ramming and sinking a German submarine, an offer calculated to revive the long-abandoned practice of privateering."

Chevalier Van Rappard, Minister from the Netherlands, with Acting Secretary Lansing at the State Department. He said he had no instructions from his Government and was simply preparing himself to report, when called upon, the probable attitude of the United States Government toward Germany's action.

It appeared that the Minister's purpose was to ascertain for his own Government the likelihood of a protest by the United States.

Until the United States receives official information it is asking from Berlin there will be no announcement of its course.

Scene of Terrific Fighting in Poland, German Leader and Czar Who Sees Battle



THE heavily shaded section indicates the region in which the Russian effort to cut around Field Marshal von Hindenburg's left is progressing. It is here that Gen. Mackensen, the Field Marshal's chief aid, is commanding the troops including what remains of the "division of death." The more lightly shaded portion shows the general point of contact of the main Russian and German armies throughout which the deadliest fighting of the war is raging. The Czar of Russia is at the front, watching his troops in the desperate struggle.

158 ENTOMBED IN COAL MINE ESCAPE; 10 STILL MISSING

Survivors at Carlisle, W. Va., Report Six Were Killed by Explosion—Rescuers Work.

By Associated Press. FAYETTEVILLE, W. Va., Feb. 6.—One hundred and sixty-eight men were entombed in the mine of the New River Coal Co. at Carlisle, near here, by an explosion today. All but 10 succeeded in making their way to the surface.

They reported that six of the men in the section where the explosion occurred had been killed, but they knew nothing of the other four.

Rescue parties were at once organized to search the workings.

The explosion occurred in a remote part of the mine, when an open lamp, carried by one of the miners, came in contact with a pocket of gas. The hoisting apparatus was not damaged, and when the men reached the foot of the shaft, after struggling through the darkness, they were hoisted in safety.

Two state mine inspectors arrived before noon and prepared to make a thorough search for the dead and the missing miners.

Soon after the mine inspectors went down three bodies were sent up. The general manager said he believed the other three bodies would be recovered before night. It was thought the four reported as missing would be found among those who had already escaped.

BOARDING HOUSE BURGLAR PLAYS PRANKS ON ROOMERS

Employs Purses of Young Women and Leaves Them in Different Rooms.

A burglar played pranks in the boarding house of Mrs. Lena Zimmer, 4123 McPherson avenue, while the boarders were at dinner last night.

He took a coin purse from the room of Miss Louise Chappell, extracted \$11.66 from it, and placed the purse in the room of Miss Florence Coffey, from whose room he took 35 cents and carried her purse to the room of Miss Jessie McCord, where he stole \$4.00.

BURGLAR IS KILLED IN A DUEL

Negro Recently Freed From Prison for Robbing Same Store.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 6.—In a duel in a store between a burglar and a policeman at Danville, Ky., this morning, Eugene Hardin, a negro burglar, was killed instantly.

Hardin recently was freed from prison for robbing the same store in which he was killed.

STOCK QUARANTINE ORDER IS ISSUED FOR EIGHT CITIES

Closing of Yards to Interstate Shipments Directed From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—As the result of discovery of foot and mouth infection in Chicago, Indianapolis, Louisville, Buffalo, Cincinnati, Jersey City, Pittsburgh and Columbus, the Department of Agriculture today instructed its inspectors to close the yards in those cities to interstate shipment of livestock after shipments in transit had been disposed of.

An order declaring whether the yards will be permitted to continue to receive cattle for immediate slaughter will be issued later.

As to shipments in transit, the inspectors were instructed to allow the livestock to go forward if they showed no symptoms of the disease, had not been handled in infected pens and were destined for immediate slaughter in quarantined areas, where Federal inspection of meats is maintained.

Loss from the foot and mouth disease in the present outbreak thus far has aggregated \$3,399,110, the Bureau of Animal Industry announced today in The Agricultural Outlook.

The outbreak of the disease, the most extensive ever known in the United States, now seems to be under control as a result of the vigorous policy of eradication followed, the Bureau states.

Twenty States and the District of Columbia have been more or less affected since last October. By Jan. 31 the work of checking the disease was virtually completed in all but seven States and further progress continually is being made. There have been slaughtered 46,268 cattle, 47,735 swine, 715 sheep and 22 goats. So far the losses are mainly local and have had no appreciable general effect on the country's total supply of meat and dairy animals.

C. F. RODENBERG RESIGNS AS ASSISTANT POSTMASTER

Washington Orders Brother of Congressman-Elect to Give Up East St. Louis Place.

Charles F. Rodenberg, Assistant Postmaster of East St. Louis, resigned today after receiving a telegram from the Post Office Department at Washington, commanding him to submit his resignation immediately. His resignation will be effective Feb. 28.

Rodenberg is a brother of William A. Rodenberg, who recently was elected to Congress to serve a district which includes East St. Louis.

Dr. Edgar Little, the Postmaster, said he was not sure why Rodenberg was asked to resign. Two Post Office inspectors from Washington recently investigated conditions at the East St. Louis Post Office. Dr. Little said he expected other resignations would be asked for in a short time.

MYSTERY IN CASE OF A MAN SHOT IN HOTEL ROOM

East Side Police Work on Theory Thomas Dirken Was Wounded and Put to Bed.

Police are investigating the shooting of Thomas Dirken, 24 years old, who was found unconscious in his room at the Drovers' Hotel, 98 St. Clair avenue, East St. Louis, at 11:30 a. m. yesterday. He had been shot through the forehead and a revolver was found under his pillow.

It was thought at first that Dirken had shot himself. He was taken to St. Mary's hospital, where he regained consciousness last night. Frank Geary, a fellow member of a fraternal society, immediately asked Dirken why he had attempted to end his life and was amazed to hear the wounded man deny vigorously that he had done so.

Dirken declared somebody else had shot him and said he never saw his assailant. An examination of the wound convinced physicians this story was plausible, for the downward course of the bullet was such as to make it doubtful Dirken had shot himself. Moreover, the bullet, which had emerged above the shoulder, was found back of the head of the bed. From this the police have a theory that Dirken may have been shot and afterwards put on the bed. One chamber of the weapon under the pillow had been discharged and two other cartridges bore marks of the plunger, but had failed to explode.

The detectives are inquiring into a story told them by a saloon keeper who said Dirken and another man had quarreled over a girl and that Dirken kept the revolver in his room for fear of an attempt on his life. Before he went to bed the night before he was shot, Dirken had told somebody in a saloon he had \$25. The only money found in the room by the police was 35 cents.

A traveling salesman, who was sleeping in the hotel, said he thought he heard a shot about 2 o'clock in the morning, but paid no attention to it. Dirken is unmarried. Physicians said his chances of recovery were slight. He has been employed as an engine oiler in an East Side packing plant.

BANK CASHIER IS HELD UP; \$10,000 REPORTED TAKEN

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 6.—A masked highwayman entered the Lima Bank at Lima, N. Y., today and at the point of a pistol held up the assistant cashier. It is reported that he got \$10,000.

The robbery took place shortly before noon when the main street of the town was deserted. No one was in the bank except the cashier and assistant cashier. The robber forced the cashier to hand over all the cash. The bank employees were unable to give much description of the thief.

GERMANS KEEP UP VIOLENT ATTACKS AROUND WARSAW

Battle Which Is Raging for Possession of Polish Capital Is Believed to Involve Greater Loss of Life Than Any Other Conflict of the Present War.

Kaiser Departs for Eastern Front and Czar of Russia Already Is There Aiding Generals in Direction of Great Army.

Captured Bullet-Proof Shields Used by the Russians and Armored Motor Cars Play a Leading Part in the Struggle.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—On his chosen route to the west of Warsaw, Gen. von Hindenburg, the German commander, is continuing his costly lunge to break through to the Polish capital. At the same time the Russians, further to the north, have pressed forward, and after crossing the Bura River are seriously threatening the Germans with an outflanking movement.

Thus another great battle for Warsaw is on, involving perhaps a greater loss of life than any other conflict in the war. The issue is still undecided, but the Russians claim that the initiative has passed to them, although further furious German attacks are expected.

An official announcement received here today from Berlin says that Emperor William, after coming to the inspection of the German naval base at Wilhelmshaven, has gone to the Eastern war zone, by way of Csanstochowa, Russian Poland. A telegram sent by the Emperor to the troops which participated in the attack on the heights at Czarnow, as given in a Berlin dispatch as follows:

"Warm congratulations for your success, which is to be ascribed to the wisdom of the commanding officer as well as to the great bravery of the troops, whose month-long activity in trench warfare could in no wise diminish their fighting power."

"The latest reports from the Russian front in Poland bring some brief details of the Russian victory on the Bura River.

The Germans with three-quarters of their forces along the Bura continued to hammer at the line, the Russians seized the opportunity to throw their forces across the Bura at Kamion, near the junction of the Bura with the Vistula and captured the German fortified position at this place. At the same time they drove the Germans across the Bura at Dakhova, which is close to Sochaczew.

The Bullet-Proof Shields. At Kamion the Russians captured a quantity of steel bullet-proof shields which they immediately utilized in the succeeding fighting. They also took a number of quick-firing guns from the enemy and in their forces across the Bura at Kamion, near the junction of the Bura with the Vistula and captured the German fortified position at this place. At the same time they drove the Germans across the Bura at Dakhova, which is close to Sochaczew.

From Skierskiewa southward to Iadom and Kielce there have been scattering artillery engagements. Further south of this line Austro-German forces have attempted to take the offensive at Sarnie, which is 15 miles to the southwest of Kielce and also at a point near Rembów, which is 12 miles further south on the River Nida. At Sarnie the Russians, anticipating an attack, destroyed the bridge over the Nida and shelled the enemy from the opposite bank, forcing them to retire. At Rembów also the Russians report a victory.

Austrians Are Forced Back. At Sarnie, which is just to the North of Tarnow, in Galicia, the Austrians made an attempt upon the Russian fortifications on the left bank of the Dunajec. They endeavored to approach by means of an elaborate system of trenches, but they were driven out from these shelters at the point of the bayonet.

In the Carpathians, from Bukta Pass to Usack and Thence to Silesia, the south of Presmyel, the Russians pushed continued advance in which they are pushing the enemy to the south. Three thousand prisoners are reported to have

New York Girl Who Becomes Bride of Marshall Field III



NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—MARSHALL FIELD III of Chicago was married here today to Miss Evelyn Marshall at the home of her mother, Mrs. C. H. Marshall. Stanley Field, cousin of the groom, acted as

best man. The wedding party was limited to a few friends and relatives. A few days ago it was announced that the nuptials would be postponed on account of the illness of the bride.

ONLY SIXTEEN, GIRL VERY SICK

Tells How She Was Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I take pleasure in writing these lines to express my gratitude to you. I am only 16 years old and was a very sick girl but I have improved wonderfully since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now looking fine and feeling a thousand times better."—Miss AMELIA JAQUILLARD, 3961 Tehouptoulas St., New Orleans, La.

St. Clair, Pa.—My mother was alarmed because I was troubled with female ailments and had pains in my back and side, and severe headaches. I had pimples on my face, my complexion was sallow, my sleep was disturbed, I had nervous spells, was very tired, and had no ambition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has worked like a charm in my case, has improved me greatly. I worked in a mill among hundreds of girls and have recommended your medicine to many of them. —Miss ESTELLA MAGUIRE, 110 Thwing St., St. Clair, Pa.

There is nothing that teaches more than experience. Therefore, such letters from girls who have suffered and were restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be a lesson to others. The same remedy is within reach of all. If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

To sell boots, launches and machinery on an advantage and real estate at a profit, see Post-Dispatch Wants.

German Report Says Three French

BERLIN, Feb. 5.—By wireless to the French army headquarters today issued the following statement: "Two new French attacks against positions taken by the Germans north of Massiges, remained unsuccessful. A French attack in the Argonne also failed."

"Russians yesterday attacked on the East Prussian frontier and south of the Vistula, against the German front from Humin to the Baura River. All attacks were repulsed. The Ger-

man counter blow on the Russian assaults of Gen. von Hindenburg's men, to British observers, the most interesting development of the struggle in the east. It overshadows for the moment the operations of the Russians in East Prussia and is taken in some quarters to indicate that they have ceased playing the role of merely holding their lines to the west of Warsaw and determined on an effort to extend the invasion."

The Western war news has been virtually no change during the week, but there are many reports of German preparations for renewed activity in Belgium. The German threat of a submarine blockade may be a factor in this situation, the theory being advanced that the Germans expect the allies to attempt to force them back from the coast, with the idea of destroying their submarine base.

Despatches from Cairo indicate that the Turkish attacked the Suez Canal were merely the advance contingent of three columns which are struggling to cross the desert. The main bodies of the invading army should soon be heard from.

Russian Case at Front in Vicinity of Warsaw.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 6.—Emperor Nicholas of Russia has arrived at the battle front and is now consulting with his generals and assisting in the direction of troops who are attempting to stave off the Germans in the vicinity of Warsaw.

The Russians are said to have crossed the Baura near its junction with the Vistula, and working southward, to have taken part of the German position near Dakhova, south of Bockaczew, which was the point at which the Germans made their original attempt to break the Warsaw line.

Seek to Prevent Outflanking.

This new offensive on the part of the Russians explains their anxiety to clear the right bank of the Lower Vistula of the Germans, for having accomplished this, they are free of threats of an outflanking movement from that direction.

There has been no slackening in the desperate fighting which has been proceeding for some days in the woods and roads along the right bank of the Rawka River from Borjow to the Skiernewice-Warsaw road. Here attacks of the Germans alternated with those of the Russians under an artillery fire whose violence has never been exceeded.

The Russians are making slow progress in East Prussia and are withstanding the attempts of the Austro-German forces to take the offensive on the River Nida in Southern Poland and on the Dunajec River in Galicia. The Austrians against the loss of Ternow, Galicia, an important center, possession of which by the Russians insures the main line of communications in Western Galicia.

Russians in Desperate Charge.

The concentrated fury of the incessant German attacks came to a climax by noon on Wednesday, when from an infernal confusion of bursting shells, silent blank slaughter by rifle fire and bayonets, the Russians emerged victorious and charged across the three lines where the Germans had entrenched themselves after Sunday's tremendous fight.

Gen. Mackensen met this crucial effort on Wednesday morning by swiftly forcing a picked infantry force of 100,000 men, backed by heavy forces of cavalry and 600 guns of all calibers pouring shells without pause into a comparatively open gap of country. The result was a rout of the Russian forces, which has for its main features a deserted distillery on the north near Humin, and in the south near Borjow, a large manor house of Wola Skiernewicka.

30,000 Men to the Mile.

It is estimated that in this short line there were nearly 30,000 men to the mile, coming on in 10 or 12 lines like the waves of the sea.

Throughout their advance the Germans maintained a hurricane of schrapnell over the well-entrenched Russian soldiers, but the Russians remained unshaken even when Prussian guards came up fresh from Lodz.

When the Germans' supreme effort was spent the Russians rose up through the smoke and doubled forward upon the low broken hills around the distillery where the Germans had been working 30 machine guns. The Russians captured four guns and a desperate close-quarter fight ensued.

In the meanwhile the Russians at the southern end of the battle front, a weak position in the German line and through which they poured into the park at Wola Skiernewicka about an hour later. The Germans were driven some distance southwest from the manor, leaving thousands of dead. They lost about 30,000 killed in this six-mile battle. Every body of them fell by the bayonet, but the greater part of this heavy loss is accounted for by the fact that the Germans advanced to the attack, not merely shoulder to shoulder, but rank upon rank in close order. The Russian artillery which, after many weeks' work on this spot, has the range down to 1000 yds, was able to do great execution. German prisoners, in the hands of the Russians relate that in the German camp the division chosen to lead this undertaking was dubbed the "Division of Death," since it appeared to be a foregone conclusion that none would survive.

DEMOCRATS MAY YIELD TO CLARKE IN SHIP BILL FIGHT

Plan to Press Motion to Discharge Committee From Consideration of a Substitute.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Administration Senators agreed today it would be impossible to recommit the ship-purchase bill with instructions for its modifications and determined their only course to get an amended bill before the Senate is to yield to Senator Clarke's motion which threw the Democratic ranks into confusion.

They will then press Senator Gore's motion to discharge the Commerce Committee from consideration of a substitute bill containing amendments satisfactory to Progressive Republicans. They are confident that Senators Norris, Kenyon and LaFollette will vote for this motion. Senator Newlands also will be here and they expect to carry that motion without the aid of the Vice-President.

Determination to resort to this program was reached when the word came today that Senator Smith could not return in time to aid the Democrats in their struggle for the bill. Without his vote, Senator Fletcher's motion to recommit with instructions would be defeated by a majority of one.

What will be the fate of the bill after it has been returned to the stage of general debate next week is still problematical. Several Democratic leaders declare the fight will continue until March 4, without cessation if the Republican opposition continues. Republican leaders gave renewed assurances that no quarter could be expected.

Whether President Wilson will call an extra session of Congress in case of defeat of the bill at this session, probably will be decided at conference next week between the President and Democratic leaders.

At the White House today it was stated present sentiment among officials was against an extra session, but that no definite conclusion had been reached. All appropriation bills will be freed of legislative riders, which might cause prolonged discussion in the Senate and leaders think they can be passed in a week or ten days if the ship bill is disposed of.

Senators Hardwick and Vardaman yesterday vigorously defended their position in reviving and assailed Senator Stone for his attack upon them. Senator James again criticized his colleagues, and particularly arraigned Senator Camden, who, he said, would "hold up the hands of the President while the Republicans tied them."

WIDOW OF SLAIN PAYMASTER WEEPS AT SINGER'S TRIAL

Mrs. Lucille Soller Assisted From Courtroom—Case Is Given to the Jury.

Instructions given this morning by Circuit Judge Fisher to the jury in the case of George Smith, alias Singer, charged with murdering and robbing Frederick H. Soller, paymaster of the St. Louis Cold Storage and Refrigerating Co., at Second and O'Fallon streets, Aug. 15, 1914, was that the jury should find the defendant guilty if they believed the evidence.

Singer had admitted he was in the automobile used when Soller was killed, but denied he was in it at the time of the robbery. His wife, Mrs. Ada Singer, had testified he was at home when Soller was killed and had called on her weekly.

Circuit Attorney Harvey had shown that Singer was in the penitentiary two years up to January, 1914, and could not therefore have been calling every week. Judge Fisher told the jury that Singer and his wife were competent witnesses, but that the jury should take into consideration their interest in the case and if the jury believed any part of their testimony to be untrue it was at liberty to disregard all their testimony.

Assistant Circuit Attorney McDaniel made the opening argument for the prosecution. Soller's widow, Mrs. Lucille Soller, who was his bride when he was killed, was sitting with Soller's sister, Mrs. Charles Ordwein, in the first row. As McDaniel, in conclusion, described the victim of the robbery, in his young manhood, she wept aloud and was assisted from the room by Mrs. Ordwein.

Notice to Stockholders of the Glen Echo Club.

A meeting has been called for this Saturday evening at 8:15 o'clock at the Washington Hotel, King's highway and Washington boulevard, for the purpose of considering all of the facts in connection with the financial condition of the club and deciding what action, if any, they wish to take to continue its existence. Every member is earnestly invited to be present and to state his views freely.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

SENATE.

Not in session. Meets Monday.

HOUSE.

The session was devoted to debate on the sundry civil appropriation bill.

COHAN TESTIFIES TO BUYING FROM SWINDLE GANG

Philadelphia Defendant in Trial Denies He Knew Greenfield in the East.

Harry A. Cohan of Philadelphia, one of the four defendants in the "Bankruptcy Trust" trial before Federal Judge Pollock, took the witness stand in his own behalf today. The Government is attempting to show he was associated with Charles L. (Bad-eyed) Greenfield in Philadelphia before Greenfield came to St. Louis and opened up the Great Western Jobbing House at 509 North Broadway, in October, 1912.

Cohan was a partner in the firm of Cohan & Goldberg, dealers in general merchandise. He testified that he and Alfred Goldberg formed a partnership in 1910, after he had failed in 1911 with Cohan in his business.

Cohan said he never met Greenfield until he and Goldberg came to St. Louis in response to a telegram from Morris M. Liebovitz of East St. Louis, offering them several job lots of merchandise.

He testified he and Goldberg went to the Liebovitz home and from there to the home of Greenfield at 914 Hamilton avenue. He did not know while he was at Greenfield's house, he testified, that Greenfield was proprietor of the Great Western Jobbing House.

He went there the next day, and met Greenfield again. It was not until then, he said, that Greenfield told him he was the head of the Great Western Jobbing House. Cohan insisted that he had never known Greenfield in Philadelphia.

He testified that he had no connection with the Great Western Jobbing House. Goldberg testified along similar lines yesterday.

phone ruse had induced him to go there. Cohan, knowing that Freeland frequently visited Moore's Leonard avenue home, went there. Freeland called the house on the telephone and Kaiser answered. He told Freeland he was a man who owed him some money and arranged a meeting at Garrison avenue and Locust street. When arrested, Freeland made no statement except a general denial that he knew anything of the Kier robbery.

Detectives arrested Moore, because of his close friendship for Freeland. They also arrested John Jones of 3007 1/2 North Jefferson avenue, a garage mechanic, because John Jones was an alias sometimes used by the man whose name and address was furnished to Gillaspay at the saloon where the robbers are supposed to have exhibited the stolen diamonds.

There is no evidence to connect Moore or Jones with the robbery, but they are held pending further investigation.

Dr. Kier said that about 4:30 he answered the doorbell of his office and admitted two men whom he believed to be patients. He walked to a mantel and was putting a vial of medicine on it when he was struck on the right temple and fell to the floor unconscious. When he regained consciousness one of the men was choking him and the other was pulling at his necktie to get the diamond ring. When the robbers saw he was regaining consciousness the man who was choking him tightened his grip and Dr. Kier again became unconscious. When he regained consciousness the men had fled with his diamonds.

A little terror was in the room when the robbery occurred. It barked furiously and servants in the rear of the house heard it, but did not go to Dr. Kier's aid, as it was a rule that they must not enter the office when patients were there, unless summoned by Dr. Kier.

CLAIMANT TO RICHES DROWNED

HOUSTON, Tex., Feb. 6.—T. S. Earl, who claimed the estate of the late multimillionaire Francis A. Ogden, formerly of Madison, Wis., by virtue of a will written in long hand, was found drowned early today in a water tank at his home.

Earl was a poor reader. About one week ago the Probate Court had rejected the will he offered, but his counsel was planning an appeal.

Detectives Kaiser and McCarthy arrested Freeland at 11 p. m. at Garrison avenue and Locust street, after a telephone call.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher, and has been under his personal supervision for over 30 years. It is no other. Counterfeits, imitations and "just-as-good" are but experiments, and endanger the health of children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Supreme Court Is Only Tribunal That Can End Arbitrary

Continued From Page One.

moving from Illinois mines to St. Louis than to East St. Louis, the question arises as to how much the differential should be. Much of what we have just said bears upon this question and little need be added to justify the present differential of 20 cents per ton. As already stated the switching district of St. Louis covers an area of 78 square miles, in which there are 315 miles of tracks. The switching district of East St. Louis covers an area of 30 square miles and includes 250 miles of track.

"Difference in Length of Hauls." The average length of haul from the inner group to East St. Louis by all lines is between 22 and 25 miles, the longest haul being 73 miles. But no less than one-third of the tonnage is handled into St. Louis and East St. Louis by the short industrially owned lines heretofore mentioned. The weight-haul of the Terminal for deliveries in the St. Louis switching district is said to be 54 miles, as compared with a weighted haul on East St. Louis deliveries of 44 miles as heretofore stated.

"Furthermore the commission to enjoin the railroads from violation of its order, and to ask for the assessment of a fine of \$500 for each specific violation. If the 54 cents increase should be definitely suspended to East St. Louis, and put into effect to St. Louis, the arbitrary would be increased to 34 cents a ton, instead of the usual 20 cents a ton.

Belleville interested.

The commission directed E. C. Kramer, attorney for the coal-carrying railroads, to call a conference of the representatives of the carriers today to consider the coal rate question.

City officials of Belleville intervened in behalf of the coal operators and requested permission to appear before the Utilities Commission and protest against an increase in the rates.

EDGAR F. ORTHWEIN DIES
AFTER NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Besides His Parents He Leaves Four Brothers, Three Sisters and a Daughter.

Edgar T. Orthwein died at 4 o'clock this morning at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Orthwein, 15 Portland place, from a complication of diseases, following a nervous breakdown two years ago. He was 38 years old.

He is survived by his daughter, Violet, 8 years old; four brothers, Frederick, Walter, William and Percy, and three sisters, Mrs. Edward Heiser of Chillicothe, Mrs. Edward Mangus and Miss Mildred Orthwein.

Orthwein formerly was connected with his father and brothers in the William D. Orthwein Grain Co. He was married to Miss Viola C. Wolff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Paul E. Wolff, Jan. 27, 1904. The couple eloped to Belleville. Mrs. Orthwein obtained a divorce June 22, 1914, the day after she filed her petition.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

The Interstate Commerce Commission's decision yesterday, sustaining the

"DON'T BE AFRAID OF PEOPLE," BRYAN TELLS RAIL MEN

Continued From Page One.

"They Are Your Friends and You Must Deal Honestly With Them."

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 4.—Charging that the railroads "do not treat the public with the fullest honesty and sincerity," William J. Bryan, Secretary of State, spoke on "The Railroads' Relation to the Business World," at the annual banquet of the Transportation Club here last night. He told his audience, which was largely made up of railroad men, that all reform railroad legislation has been brought about against the wishes of the railroads.

"The men who have made their fortunes out of railroads," he said, "have not made them out of salaries, but in being dishonest with their own companies. They have manipulated the stock market for years and have forced the small stockholder to sell out his holdings under financial strain."

More Than Financial Strain.

He deplored the fact that "many American railroad presidents are much better paid than the President of the United States."

He denounced "watered stock" and declared that the railroads should have enough surplus "laid by" to pay dividends.

Twenty years ago when he and other men were fighting against railroads and other evils, he said, they were denounced as "damogogues." He had the support of only two railroad presidents when he ran for President, the secretary said, yet he bore the railroads no malice.

"This is the first chance I have had to speak as I have wanted to to railroad men," he said. "Don't be afraid of the people," was Mr. Bryan's advice to the railroads. "They are not your enemies, they are your friends. Evils in this country have not been eradicated until the plain people of the country have done it. You railroad men were not the ones to correct the mistakes upon which your systems were built."

"If instead of sending lobbyists to the State Legislatures and to Congress the railroads would send their presidents and officers, the country would look with greater favor on them. Every step that has been taken in the way of railroad reform legislation has been taken in the interest of bringing the people and the railroads closer together, and not for the purpose of shackling the roads."

Why Securities Are Unstable.

The Secretary insisted that the people of this country would like to see railroad securities just as stable as the Government bonds, but, he declared, the people are not willing to risk their investments in these securities because of the lack of publicity given to the business management of railroads.

John Barrett, Director-General of the Panama-American Union and Rev. John Cavanaugh, president of Notre Dame University, also spoke at the dinner.

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CUT RATE TO THE EXPOSITIONS

Continued From Page One.

March 1st to November 30th

No need to worry about the cost. It isn't an expensive trip. Hotels have pledged themselves not to increase their rates. This low round trip fare with stopover privileges is only a few dollars in excess of the usual one-way fare, and it permits you to visit the Panama-California Exposition at San Diego (open every day during 1915), and the Panama-Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco (open February 20 to December 4), without any additional railroad fare, if you travel

Union Pacific Salt Lake Route

In connection with the Wabash to Kansas City, through service is maintained to the very heart of Southern California. Without additional railroad fare you may visit Denver, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City.

Write today for new booklet, "California and the Expositions," which gives complete information covering hotel and restaurant rates, the cost of California sight-seeing trips, and other important information necessary to plan the trip intelligently and economically. This book is free; write today.

A. J. Dutcher, G. A. 508 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo. (Phone Bell, Main 2121; Kintock, Central 4800)

Insist on the Best—It Costs No More

5750

from St. Louis and Return

The Mutual Life

Insurance Company of New York

In 1914

In benefits to policyholders, the "Oldest Company in America" has again surpassed all former achievements.

Total Amount Paid Policyholders, \$69,032,809.59

The above total, including death claims, endowments, dividends, surrender values, etc., amounted to \$1,327,554 for every week in the year, \$228,555.46 for every day, and \$28,573.18 for every hour, counting 302 working days of 8 hours each. The total paid to policyholders during the year exceeded the amount received directly from them by \$10,612,872.70. Other notable features of the Company's business at the end of the year were

The amount of new insurance paid for during the year, including dividend additions, was \$147,720,038.

Balance Sheet, December 31st, 1914	
ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Real Estate	Policy-Reserves.....
Mortgage Loans	Supplementary Contract Reserve.....
Loans on Policies.....	Other Policy Liabilities.....
Bonds and Stocks.....	Premiums, Interest and Rents paid in advance.....
Interest and Rents due and accrued	Miscellaneous Liabilities.....
Premiums in course of collection.....	Taxes, License Fees, etc. payable in 1915.....
Cash (\$8,689,744.78 at interest).....	Dividends payable in 1915.....
Deposited to pay claims.....	Reserve for future Deferred Divi- dends.....
	Contingency Reserve.....
Total Admitted Assets.....	Total Liabilities.....

F. N. Cheney, Manager,
Chemical Building,
St. Louis, Mo.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Home Office, 34 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

'FIRST IN EVERYTHING'

Lammerfs
1012 E WASHINGTON

**SEMI-ANNUAL
CLEARING SALE**

Will be continued one more week only.
You still have six days in which to share
in the economies offered. Many extra-
special bargains for Monday—day after
tomorrow.

Full Details in Sunday Globe

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

WEST MARY PICKFORD
in MISTRESS NELL

LYRIC SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
SPECIAL MATINEE LYRIC, 15-10c
First Night Show, 5:30-10c and 50c
Continuous Sunday, 2:15 to 11 P. M.
Mon., Tues., Wed. & Thurs., Gaby Deslys in "HER TRIUMPH."

LYRIC "FOR ANOTHER'S CRIM

6TH AND
PINE

TODAY

WITH
Leah Baird & Leo Deland
Continuous 10 A. M. to 11 P.
ADMISSION 10c.

DAMON AND PYTHIAS

MATS. Feb. 6 and 7, 3 P. M. EVES., Feb. 1 to 6 Inc., 8:15 P.

VICTORIA THEATER

A PHOTO-PLAY IN SIX PARTS
Vividly Portraying the Noblest Story of Friendship and Love
Benefits St. Louis Pythias Association Relief Fund

LAST MATINEE TODAY.
CHAUNCEY
OLCOTT
In the Heart of Faddy Whack.

POTASH AND

ST. LOUIS SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Next Sat. Ev. Conductor.
ODEON---Tonight at 8
ELEANOR SPENCER

Seats Today
 Wed., Dec. 26,
 7 p.m. to 11 p.m.
 50c to \$2.

PERLMUTTER
 Planned. Amusing Art
 Tickets, \$1.00 to \$2.00 700 Oliver

PARK
 Night, Wed. Sat. Sun.
 Night, Curtales, 8:30.
OUR WIVES A Three-Act Farce Comedy.
 Seats, Wed. Sat. Sun.
 Night, Curtales, 8:30.
SHENANDOAH
 Seats, Wed. Sat. Sun.
 Night, Curtales, 8:30.
WALTZ DREAM
 With J. H. Humberd Duffer,
 America's Greatest
 Reserved Seats, Best Theaters, at Famous

SHUBERT—\$1.00 MAT. TO
GUY
BATES POST
 In Richard W.
 Tull's Drama
OMAR, THE TEM
MAKER
 LAST TIME TONIGHT, 8-10
 TONIGHT, 8-10

STANDARD
Home of Faby—Two Franks Daily—Burlesque
AUTO GIRLS
ROZELL—In Series of Real Oriental Shows
NEXT—THE WIDOWS'

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH'S DAILY RECORD OF MARKETS

PRICE RANGE IS
NARROW ON THE
STOCK EXCHANGE

Traders Even Up Contracts as
Week Ends—Bank State-
ment Fair.

By Leased Wire From The New York
Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The Evening
Post in its copyrighted financial review
today says:

"The whole stock exchange
seemed today to take a more reason-
ing view than yesterday, as to the Ger-
man proclamation. Prices opened at a
considerable advance, and in the
early trading had risen very gener-
ally to 1 point over yesterday. From
the prices reached, there was a sub-
sequent slow reaction, in which most
of the early advance was lost. The
market closed steadily, however, though
extremely quiet.

"Cotton exports, as summarized for
the week, are shown to have been dou-
ble those of the week before and 130
per cent over 1914. Bank clearings for
the week were \$1,000,000,000, or 10 per
cent below last year. But in the trans-
mission west, they exceeded 1914 by 10
per cent and broke all January records.

"The Bank Statement.
Chiefly reflected was the bringing out of
some \$75,000,000 new securities, home and
foreign, during the week. Loans of the
bank increased \$20,000,000 and with them
bank deposits. But the gain in cash in
the interior was so large—\$4,000,000—
that the reserve bank—the decrease in the
surplus was only trifling.

DETAILED REPORT OF DAY'S
TRADING IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Efforts to lift prices
of Wall Street's closing prices met with
little success. The market was quiet and
the closing prices were generally lower
than those of the day before.

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New York Stock Quotations

Reported daily by the Post-Dispatch by
G. H. Walker & Co., 307 North Fourth
Street.

STOCKS	Sales	Open	High	Low	Close
Alaska Gold	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Can.	1,000	35 1/2	35 3/4	35 1/2	35 1/2
Am. Coal	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Oil	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Sugar	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Tobacco	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Tea	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Wine	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Beer	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Cattle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Hogs	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Sheep	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Poultry	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Eggs	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Butter	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Cheese	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Lard	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Tallow	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Suet	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Fat	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Oil	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Gas	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Water	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Electric	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Telephone	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Cable	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Radio	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Motion	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Stage	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Circus	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Fair	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Show	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Opera	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Theatre	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Concert	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Music	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Dance	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Sport	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Game	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Hunt	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Fish	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Bird	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Insect	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Plant	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Animal	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Mineral	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Fossil	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Gem	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Jewelry	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Watch	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Clock	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Instrument	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Machine	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Engine	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Motor	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Car	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Truck	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Bus	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Ship	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Boat	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Plane	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Balloon	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rocket	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Bomb	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Grenade	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shell	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Bullet	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Cannon	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Gun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
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Am. Rifle	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
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Am. Pistol	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Revolver	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Shotgun	1,000	25 1/2	25 3/4	25 1/2	25 1/2

The Jarr Family

By ROY L. MCCARDELL

Mr. Jarr Becomes a Mere "Also-Ran" in a Foot Race Not Yet Won or Lost.

It is a well-known axiom that "Morals are a matter of geography." So are many other variants of social observations. To instance, the most precise citizens of small towns will come to a metropolis and join in its revels, while at home they would not countenance a card party given for charity. By the same token city folk will travel to country places and throw self-restraint to the winds and behave in country lanes in a manner they would not dream of behaving in city streets.

These geographical reversals of form may be matters of short distances between different localities. Here, to cite an example, was Mrs. Jarr on the east side of town, acting in a manner that would have surprised herself as well as her friends had she so indulged herself on the West Side. There was Michael Angelo Dinkston, the post, fleeing with a broken handkerchief attached to one wrist, pursued by Malachi Hogan, the avenger, Miss Vera Grimm, militant sociologist and reformer, Fritz, the shipping clerk, Mr. Jarr, and, finally Mrs. Jarr!

Yes, on the west side of town, aloof on her pedestal as one of the social leaders and one of the matrons of the younger set, Mrs. Jarr would have watched such an outburst with indifference and even scornful half interest. But now, saying to herself, "Who knows me around here?" Mrs. Jarr gathered up her skirts and—will any of her friends in her own high social circles believe it?—actually followed in the chase. Her moment of irresolution had given time to Fatima, the lovelorn fat lady, to attire herself sufficiently for the street, and as Mrs. Jarr got under way to follow in pursuit of the fleeing Dinkston she could hear Fatima moaning and panting just behind her. "Tell my dolling I will not harm him!" she could hear the lovelorn Fatima wheeze. "And if anybody else teaches him I'll trim 'em, and I'll trim 'em good and plenty!"

The only one of the party that had beheld Dinkston hailed to the bedside of the lovelorn Fatima by Miss Grimm, and who had not followed when he fled, was Fritz's wife, Fatima's slattern sister-in-law. She would have followed, but for the fact that when Fatima had jumped from the rolling bed, that treacherous and deadly article of furniture—one of the most dangerous lethal weapons known to civilization—flew up and had hit Mrs. Fritz a severe blow over her right optic.

Meanwhile, Mr. Dinkston, lank of figure and trained to the minute by reason that he had never been overtaken, and sound of wind through constant poetical recitations from his own unpublished works and the classics of the masters of deathless song, kept easily in the lead. Malachi Hogan, who loved Fatima though she loved him not, inspired by hatred and jealousy of the fleeing post, till his short little legs fairly twinkled as he ran, kept closest to the fugitive. Miss Vera Grimm was hard upon the heels of Hogan, while Fritz and Mr. Jarr and Mrs. Jarr and Fatima followed in the order stated.

Mr. Dinkston, excited and frenzied as he was, realized in those crowded moments that his flight would soon take him out of the boundaries of a neighborhood where the police made it a fixed post never to be. He looked around as he ran for a haven of refuge. He saw before him a large brick building, or rather a group of buildings, across the main edifice of which was painted a great sign reading "Berlester's Brewery."

Brewing being one of the few industries that his artistic nature tolerated, Mr. Dinkston murmured, "Gambirinus be my succor!" and dashed in the first open doorway.

"I'll show you who's a sucker," panted Mr. Malachi Hogan, who overheard the last words. "You skinner simp, that's MY brewery!"

By this Mr. Hogan did not mean he owned the malt extract works in question, but he did mean that Mr. Dinkston had darted for safety and in a vain hope to escape right into the brewery where Mr. Hogan had been employed for many years as nightwatchman.

It was the electric power house of the brewery Mr. Dinkston had darted into. He saw a dynamo chafed "Stopped for repairs!" and darted in under it and into the pit beneath.

"Ha! Ha!" snarled Malachi, the avenger, and he sprang to the switchboard and "threw in" Dynamo U-9.

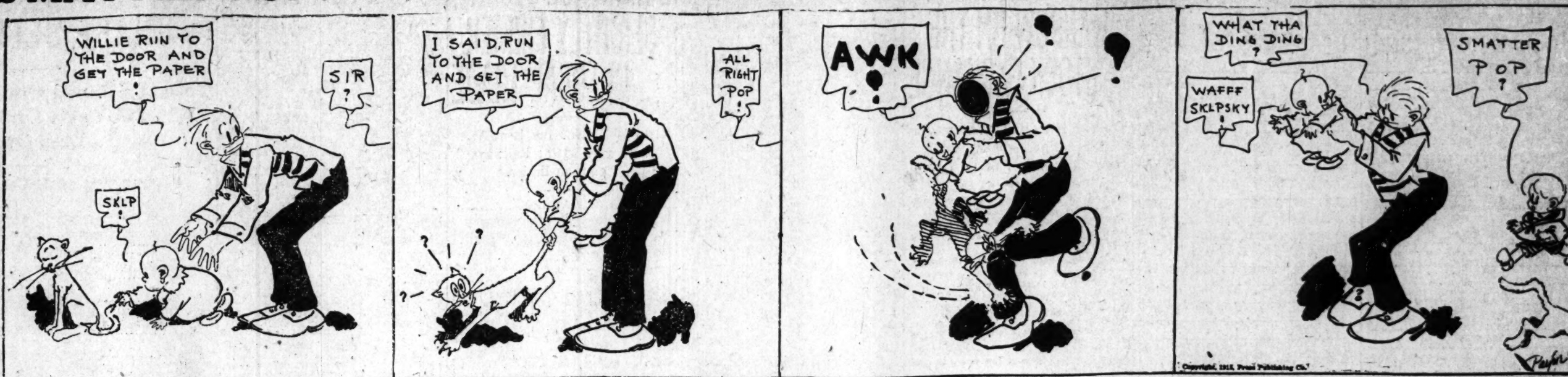
Nerve.
"That lawyer of mine has a nerve," "Why so?"
"Listen to this item in his bill: 'For waking up in the night and thinking over your case, \$25.'"

Gratitude.
FRIEND: I've noticed Curtis, the tailor, going up to your studio every day for a week. Is he sitting for you?
Artist: No, he's laying for me.

S'MATTER POP?

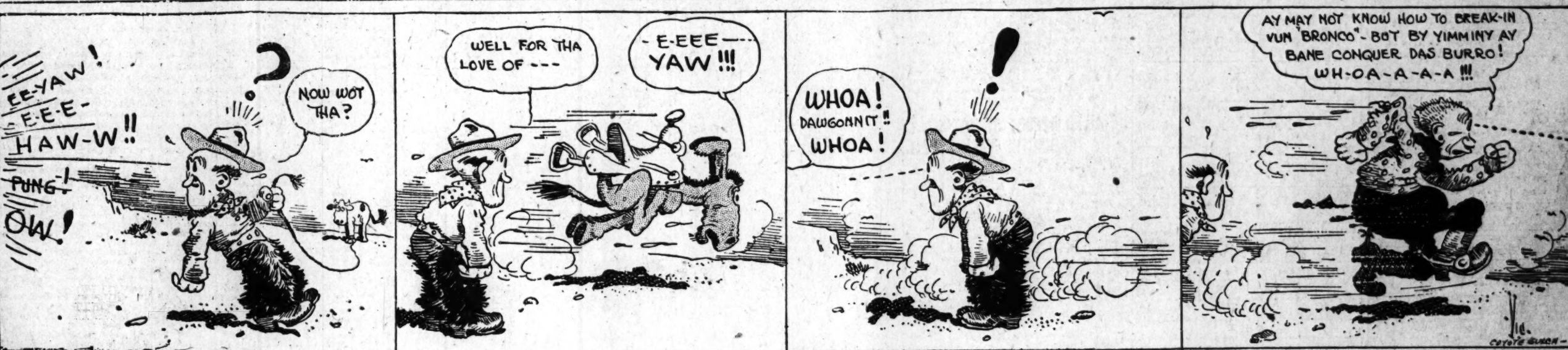
You Can't Do Two Things at Once, Pop!

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch By C. M. PAYNE.



It Looks as if Axel Has Taken a Bigger Bite Than He Can Chew!

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch By VIC.



Such Is Life

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch By MAURICE KETTEN



How to Make a Hit (Handy Formulas for Rude Persons)

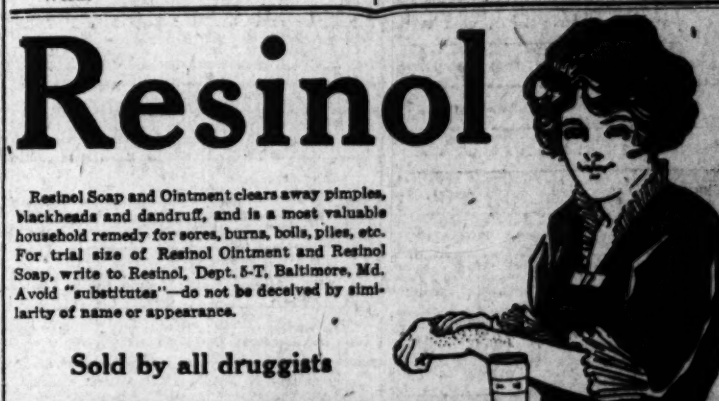
By Alma Woodward.

At a Soda Fountain.
FIRST—As you approach the fountain remark loudly to your companion: "Ice cream soda! If mother could see me now! Say, if you catch me staggering out of this place send me home in a taxi, will you?" These preliminaries are necessary to cover the fact that, even though a man, you are fond of the stuff.
2. When the clerk says: "Checks, please," and waves his hand in indefinite direction, rest your arm on a huge sign which reads: "Purchase your soda checks at the desk," and shout back at him: "Well, where do we get our checks, anyway, huh?"
3. The cashier will inquire over her Pierrot ruff: "Five? Ten? Fifteen?" To which you must reply in your best G. B. Shawian repartee: "If I had the hand I'd call that—but, as it is, how much is coffee ice cream soda?" Answer by party of the first part: "Don't get flip—see? Ten cents."
4. When the soda clerk has the syrup and ice cream all fixed in your glass stay his hand by saying: "If you don't mind I think I'll change. I've been reading the signs pasted up on the mirror and they sound wonderful. I guess I'll take a tango fruit salad sundae. It won't be any trouble to you, will it?"
5. Your friend has stuck to his original order of French vichy. But don't let him get away with anything as simple as that. After the clerk has taken the bottle from the ice, removed the cap

Most Unusual.
THEY were sitting on the stair in a very narrow space. Gazed he with love-sick air On her half-averted face. Knows he well she is a wife, Yet his adoration is The devotion of a life, For—she happens to be his.

EXALTATION.
THERE is nothing that can make you feel your superiority more than your having been delicately polite to some person unfortunately unable to understand it.

Two Extremes.
B JILL: How was the show?
Jill: Very tame.
"And the audience?"
"Wild!"



makes your eczema vanish

THERE is immediate relief from skins itching, burning and disfigured by eczema, ringworm, or other tormenting skin trouble, in a warm bath with Resinol Soap and a simple application of Resinol Ointment. The soothing, healing Resinol balsams sink right into the skin, stop itching instantly, and soon clear away all trace of eruption, even in severe and stubborn cases where other treatments have had no effect. After that, the regular use of Resinol Soap is usually enough to keep the skin clear and healthy.

Slogans of Success

By Hazen Conklin.

IF you are always RIGHT you will never be "left!"

THE "turning point" in a man's career means an UPWARD turn only when he "rides to the occasion."

SOME men are like automobiles. They require an "accelerator" to speed them up.

AND other men are like wheelbarrows. They need some one to "take them in hand."

AND still other men are like aeroplanes. They should have a "stabilizer" to make them "safe."

The Arrow.
I SHOT an arrow into the air; It fell to earth, I know not where; But I soon found out. I'm sorry to say— It smashed a pane and I had to pay.

Afraid to Speak.
BACON: Is your wife continually asking "What's the trump" when playing cards?
Egbert: No, not continually. Sometimes she only looks it.

Gaining Weight.

CHURCH: They say that many of the soldiers fighting in Europe are gaining in weight, notwithstanding the great hardships.

Gotham: I can't understand that. "You can't!"
"No, I can't."
"Why, lead will make 'em heavier, all right."

And Time Is Money.

BACON: I see it costs the farmers of the United States \$15,000,000 a year to fight insects.

Egbert: That's a lot of money, but I know it's cost me a good many nights' sleep to do that same thing.

Not an Original Remark.
A H, my dearest Angelina!" exclaimed Ferdie, as he slowly settled to his knees at the feet of his adored one, after having imprinted a blue upon her ruby lips, "a kiss from you is indeed a taste of heaven on earth."

Placing her gentle hand upon his contracted brow, she remarked in a low, sentimental tone of voice: "Bah! Can't you say something original? Forty different young men have got off that same stereotyped remark."

The Easiest Way.
A MAN at least seven feet tall entered an elevator and got off at the ninth floor.
"Is Mr. Hyde in?" he asked of the elevator pilot.
"I don't know," replied the boy. "Just look over the transom."

What this world needs is the outstretched hand that gives, not people who are everlastingly borrowing trouble.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Don't Ever Let Any One Tell You This as a New One.

DID you like the moving picture show, Ezra?
"I liked what I seen, but I set too fur back to hear what the actors said."

The Pines! Invigorating Refreshing—Healing

For years this remedy has done its full duty to mankind.

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